

African Open Data Readiness Index for AI (AODRIA)

Official Methodology Version 1.0

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For the Africa Data Stewardship Award 2026

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Executive summary

The African Open Data Readiness Index for AI (AODRIA) is a continental benchmarking instrument designed to evaluate, rank, and recognize open datasets relevant to Africa based on their fitness for Artificial Intelligence (AI) applications, data stewardship standards, and real-world impact. This methodology (v1.0) underpins the Africa Data Stewardship Award, transforming subjective assessment into a transparent, reproducible, and actionable scoring framework.

Our goal is not merely to rank datasets, but to incentivize improvements in data quality, openness, governance, sustainability, and socio-economic value across the African data ecosystem.

1. Introduction

The **African Open Data Readiness Index for AI (AODRIA)** is the continent's first dedicated, dataset-level benchmarking tool that measures how ready open datasets are for responsible and high-impact AI applications.

AODRIA evaluates individual Africa-relevant open datasets across five weighted pillars and produces a final score out of 100. The index directly informs the selection of winners for the **Africa Data Stewardship Award**, which highlights organizations demonstrating exemplary stewardship of open datasets in Africa.

The methodology is designed to be transparent, replicable, and adaptable, enabling future updates as the African data ecosystem evolves.

1.1. Objectives

The African Open Data Readiness Index for AI aims to:

- Provide transparent and objective scoring of open datasets relevant to AI innovation in Africa.
- Establish a continental benchmark for dataset quality and accessibility.
- Recognize and reward excellent data stewardship.
- Highlight gaps and drive improvements in African open data quality.

1.2. Alignment with International Data Principles

The AODRIA framework aligns with internationally recognized data governance standards, including the FAIR Data Principles (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable).

Rather than treating FAIR compliance as a standalone pillar, AODRIA integrates FAIR principles across multiple dimensions including Openness, AI Readiness, socio-economic impact and sustainability.

This ensures that datasets evaluated under AODRIA support discoverability, interoperability, and responsible reuse.

2. Scope & Eligibility

To be evaluated under AODRIA v1.0, a dataset must meet the following baseline criteria:

2.1. Mandatory Eligibility Criteria

Criterion	Requirement	Verification Method
Africa Relevance	Data must originate from, describe, or be directly applicable to African contexts (continental, regional, or national)	Publisher declaration + content review
Accessibility	Data must be accessible to the public (Open Data) or available via a streamlined access request process (Managed Access)	Access test by jury
Machine-Readability	Data must be available in a structured format (CSV, JSON, XML, GeoJSON, Parquet, etc.). Unstructured PDFs alone are ineligible	Format check
Active Status	Dataset must have been updated or verified within the last 3 years (unless archival/historical with documented value)	Metadata timestamp review
Language	Metadata must be available in at least one widely understood language (English, French, Portuguese, Arabic, or Swahili)	Landing page review

2.2. Exclusion criteria

Datasets will be excluded if they:

- Contain undisclosed personal data (PII) without ethical clearance.
- Violate national data protection laws or AU Data Policy Framework
- Are behind prohibitive paywalls (> \$50 USD for access)
- Have no identifiable publisher or custodian.
- Are duplicates of already submitted datasets

3. Pillar Framework

Each dataset will be evaluated across five core pillars. Each pillar will be scored on a 1–5 scale, where 1 = Poor, 3 = Good / Acceptable and 5 = Excellent.

3.1. AI Readiness (Weight: 30%)

Measures how easily the data can be ingested and used for machine learning models.

Score	Description
5	Excellent – Fully structured (CSV, JSON, API, GeoJSON, Parquet), clean, large volume, well-labelled, almost no preprocessing needed.
3	Good – Structured format, moderate cleaning or volume, usable for AI with some effort.
1	Poor – Mostly unstructured (PDF, images, tables without structure), very heavy preprocessing required or not machine-readable.

3.2. Openness (Weight: 20%)

Measures accessibility and legal reusability.

Score	Description
5	Excellent – Immediate public download, fully permissive license (CC0/CC-BY/Open Data Commons), no registration, rich metadata & documentation.
3	Good – Publicly downloadable with minor barriers, open license, adequate documentation.
1	Poor – Not truly open (paywall, proprietary license, registration required, or no clear license).

3.3. Governance and FAIR Compliance (Weight: 20%)

Measures ethical standards, transparency and quality of stewardship AND compliance with FAIR principles (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable).

Score	Description
5	Excellent – No PII (no names, phones, exact GPS), includes data dictionary & consent statement AND clear provenance/collection methodology AND meets all FAIR principles.
3	Good – Anonymized but incomplete documentation on collection methodology or partial FAIR compliance.
1	Poor – Contains raw PII or no governance/FAIR information.

3.4. Socio-economic impact (Weight: 15%)

Measures real-world value created by the dataset in Africa.

Score	Description
5	Excellent – Clear evidence of real-world use (cited in policy papers, used in national AI projects, generated jobs/reports, or measurable SDG impact).
3	Good – Some documented use (academic citations, NGO reports, or downloads >1,000).
1	Poor – No evidence of use or impact.

3.5. Sustainability (Weight: 15%)

Measures long-term viability and maintenance.

Score	Description
5	Excellent – Regularly updated (at least quarterly), stable institutional hosting, active community/funding, versioning in place.
3	Good – Updated within last 18 months, reasonably stable hosting and some maintenance.
1	Poor – Last update >24 months ago, unstable hosting, or abandoned/one-time dataset.

4. AODRIA Score Calculation

Official Formula

AODRIA Score (out of 100) = [(AI Readiness × 0.30) + (Openness × 0.20) + (Governance & FAIR × 0.20) + (Socio-economic impact × 0.15) + (Sustainability × 0.15)] × 20

5. Tier Classification

Tier	AODRIA Score	Recognition level
Platinum	90.0 – 100.0	Africa Data Stewardship Award winner
Gold	80.0 – 89.9	Winner / Highly Commended
Silver	70.0 – 79.9	Strong Recognition
Bronze	60.0 – 69.9	Recognized open dataset
Needs Improvement	Below 60.0	Feedback only

6. Evaluation Process

The evaluation process follows four steps:

1. Dataset identification through open call, nomination, or expert curation
2. Eligibility screening based on baseline criteria
3. Expert Jury scores **independently** using the AODRIA framework.
4. Final score = weighted formula above
5. Validation & publication of all raw scores

7. Transparency & Reproducibility

To ensure transparency:

- All datasets and final AODRIA scores will be published openly on a public leaderboard.
- The AODRIA methodology will remain publicly accessible and is archived with a persistent identifier (DOI) for citation and academic use.

8. Limitations & Future Improvements

- The simplified 1–3–5 scoring scale is used to reduce evaluator bias and speed up review.
- Some indicators rely on public metadata and publisher declarations.
- Future versions of AODRIA may incorporate automated indicators and expanded scoring ranges.

9. Versioning and Updates

This document represents Version 1.0 of the African Open Data Readiness Index for AI methodology.

Future versions may introduce:

- Additional technical indicators
- Sector-specific scoring
- Automated data quality metrics
- Expanded jury evaluation procedures